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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	MB ATF 134
Product code	:	001C6120

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	:	Engine oil.
Uses advised against	:	This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell Deutschland Oil GmbH Suhrenkamp 71-77 D-22335 Hamburg
Telephone Telefax Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet	 : (+49) 40 6324-6255 : (+49) 40 6321-051 : If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: (+49) 30 3068 6790 (Giftnotruf Berlin)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms	:	No Hazard Symbol required	
Signal word	:	No signal word	
Hazard statements	:		PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under CLP

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		criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HA Not classified as enviro according to CLP criter	nmental hazard
Precautionary statements	: Prevention:	No precautionary phras	ses.
	Response: Storage: Disposal:	No precautionary phras	ses.
		No precautionary phras	ses.
		No precautionary phras	Ses.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

 Synthetic base oil and additives. Highly refined mineral oil. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

 * contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers (REACH registration numbers): 64742-53-6 (01-2119480375-34), 64742-54-7 (01-2119484627-25), 64742-55-8 (01-2119487077-29), 64742-56-9 (01-2119480132-48), 64742-65-0 (01-2119471299-27), 68037-01-4 (01-2119486452-34), 72623-86-0 (01-2119474878-16), 72623-87-1 (01-2119474889-13), 8042-47-5 (01-2119487078-27), 848301-69-9 (01-0000020163-82).

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.	(REGULATION	[%]
	Registration	(EC) No	
	number	1272/2008)	
Alkyl amine		Acute Tox.4; H302	0,1 - 0,5
		Skin Corr.1B;	
		H314	
		Aquatic Acute1;	

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	H400	
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	Asp. Tox.1; H304	0 - 90

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measur	res	6	
General advice	:	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.	
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.	
If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.	
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.	
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.	
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.	
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed			
Symptoms	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.	
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed			
Treatment	:	Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.	

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.

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5.2 Special hazards arising from	the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards during firefighting	: Hazardous combustion products may mixture of airborne solid and liquid pa (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be e combustion occurs. Unidentified orga compounds.	articulates and gases volved if incomplete
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including gloves are to be worn; chemical resis large contact with spilled product is ex Breathing Apparatus must be worn with a confined space. Select fire fighter's relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN-	tant suit is indicated if xpected. Self-Contained hen approaching a fire in clothing approved to
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are circumstances and the surrounding e	appropriate to local

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

, A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:Avoid contact with skin and eyes.6.1.2 For emergency responders:Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
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6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	 Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
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6.4 Reference to other sections

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For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
7.1 Precautions for safe handling		
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Product Transfer	:	This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.
Fire-fighting class	:	Fires involving liquids or liquid containing substances. Also includes substances which become liquid at elevated temperatures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, in	ncl	uding any incompatibilities
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, in Storage class (TRGS 510)		10, Combustible liquids
- ·	:	
Storage class (TRGS 510)	:	10, Combustible liquids Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated
Storage class (TRGS 510)	:	10, Combustible liquids Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
Storage class (TRGS 510)	:	 10, Combustible liquids Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers. Store at ambient temperature. Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation
Storage class (TRGS 510) Other data	:	 10, Combustible liquids Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers. Store at ambient temperature. Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product. Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene.
Storage class (TRGS 510) Other data Packaging material	:	 10, Combustible liquids Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers. Store at ambient temperature. Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product. Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC. Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral		TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measuresThe level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

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Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection	If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.
Hand protection	
Remarks	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.
	For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same, but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.
Skin and body protection	Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Respiratory protection	No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal
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	conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial I precautions should be taken to avo If engineering controls do not maint concentrations to a level which is a health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and meet Check with respiratory protective ec Where air-filtering respirators are so appropriate combination of mask ar Select a filter suitable for combined and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling meeting EN14387 and EN143.	id breathing of material. tain airborne dequate to protect worker equipment suitable for the sing relevant legislation. quipment suppliers. uitable, select an nd filter.
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Environmental exposure cor	ntrols	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfill relevant environmental protection le contamination of the environment b Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent un being discharged to waste water. W treated in a municipal or industrial w before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits must be observed for the discharge vapour.	egislation. Avoid by following advice given in ndissolved material from Vaste water should be waste water treatment plant for volatile substances

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.	
Colour	: red	
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon	
Odour Threshold	: Data not available	
рН	: Not applicable	
pour point	: -51 °CMethod: ISO 3016	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °Cestimated value(s)	
Flash point	: 202 °C Method: ISO 2592	

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Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0,5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 0,847 (15 °C)	
Density	: 847 kg/m3 (15,0 °C) Method: ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products))
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 29 mm2/s (40,0 °C) Method: ISO 3104	
	6,2 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: ISO 3104	
Explosive properties	Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Other information		
Conductivity Decomposition temperature	 This material is not expected to be a static accumu Data not available 	ulator.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
10.5 Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	: Strong oxidising agents.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition pro	oducts
Hazardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5.000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5.000 mg/kg

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Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

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STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	 This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for

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		individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 e nominal amount of product required to extract).	
Product:		,	
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically r LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	non toxic:
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically r LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	non toxic:
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically r LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	non toxic:
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

	,	
Product:		
Biodegradability	:	Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	:	Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)
12.4 Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	:	Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB ass	es	ssment
Product:		
Assessment	:	This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
12.6 Other adverse effects		

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Product:		
Additional ecological information	 Product is a mixture of non-volatile of expected to be released to air in any Not expected to have ozone depletion photochemical ozone creation potent potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cause porganisms. 	v significant quantities., on potential, tial or global warming

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	: Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.	
	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.	
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.	
Local legislation Waste catalogue	: EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):	
Waste Code	: 13 02 06*	
Remarks	: Classification of waste is always the responsibility of the end user.	

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number	
ADN ADR RID IMDG IATA	 Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 Proper shipping name ADN	: Not regulated as a dangerous good

Version 1.3 Revision Date 07.04.2016 Print Date 08.04.2016 ADR Not regulated as a dangerous good RID Not regulated as a dangerous good IMDG Not regulated as a dangerous good ΙΑΤΑ Not regulated as a dangerous good 14.3 Transport hazard class ADN Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good ADR RID Not regulated as a dangerous good IMDG Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good ΙΑΤΑ • 14.4 Packing group ADN Not regulated as a dangerous good **CDNI Inland Water Waste** NST 3411 Engine oil • Agreement ADR Not regulated as a dangerous good RID Not regulated as a dangerous good IMDG ÷ Not regulated as a dangerous good ΙΑΤΑ Not regulated as a dangerous good • 14.5 Environmental hazards Not regulated as a dangerous good ADR Not regulated as a dangerous good RID Not regulated as a dangerous good IMDG Not regulated as a dangerous good 14.6 Special precautions for user Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport. 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Pollution category Not applicable Not applicable Ship type Product name Not applicable Special precautions Not applicable Additional Information : MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances s (Annex XIV)	Subject to authorisation : Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.	
Water contaminating class (Germany)	: WGK 2 water endangering Remarks: Classification according VwVwS, Annex 2.	
Volatile organic compounds	: 0%	

Technische Anleitung Luft: Product not list Observe section 5.2.5 in connection with s	ed by name.
	section 5.4.9
Product is subject to Vorgaben der Betrieb Verordnung (BetrSichV).	os-Sicherheits-
Youth Employment Law Not Applicable.	
Maternity Protection Act Not Applicable	
	Youth Employment Law Not Applicable.

EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements H302 Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H304 H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. Full text of other abbreviations Acute Tox. Acute toxicity Aquatic Acute Acute aquatic toxicity Asp. Tox. Aspiration hazard Skin Corr. Skin corrosion Abbreviations and Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites. ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council

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	CLP = Classification Packaging and Labellin COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List	ng
	EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicol Toxicology Of Chemicals ECHA = European Chemicals Agency	ogy and
	EINECS = The European Inventory of Exist Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chem	-
	Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Cla Labelling of Chemicals	
	IARC = International Agency for Research of IATA = International Air Transport Association IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty	ion
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous (INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSC	l N° 346 for the D-extractables
	KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent. LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty	
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Concer Observed Effect Level	
	OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - High F PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Tox PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chemicals Substances	kiC
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration REACH = Registration Evaluation And Auth Chemicals	norisation Of
	RID = Regulations Relating to International Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit	Carriage of
	TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumu	ulative

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Further information					
Other information	 No Exposure Scenario annex is atta sheet. It is a non-classified mixture of substances as detailed in Section 3; Exposure Scenarios for the hazardo have been integrated into the core s A vertical bar () in the left margin in from the previous version. 	containing hazardous relevant information from ous substances contained ections 1-16 of this SDS.			

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.